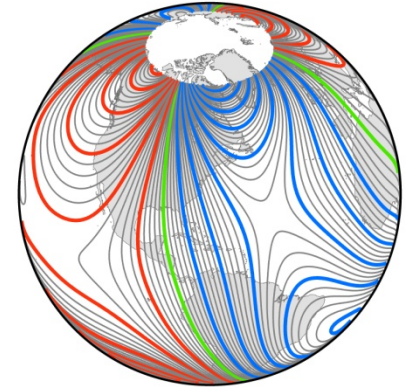


# Quantifying the uncertainty in global geomagnetic models



- Global magnetic field reference models
  - WMM, IGRF & High Definition Geomagnetic Model
- Simple update of Williamson's magnetic error values
  - Breakdown by main, crustal and disturbance fields
  - Adjustments for non-Gaussian error distribution
- Detailed error analysis
  - Identify the primary factors contributing to the magnetic error
  - Accurate error model taking all relevant factors into account

Stefan Maus and Manoj Nair (NOAA/NGDC)  
Shola Okewunmi (Chevron)



Florence, Sep-23 2010



# Geomagnetic reference models

## World Magnetic Model (WMM)

- Government/Defense standard model with guaranteed technical/software support



British Geological Survey  
NATURAL ENVIRONMENT RESEARCH COUNCIL



## International Geomagnetic Reference Field (IGRF)

- Research Community model
- Includes retrospective updates back to 1900



The International Association of  
Geomagnetism and Aeronomy  
International Union of Geodesy and Geophysics

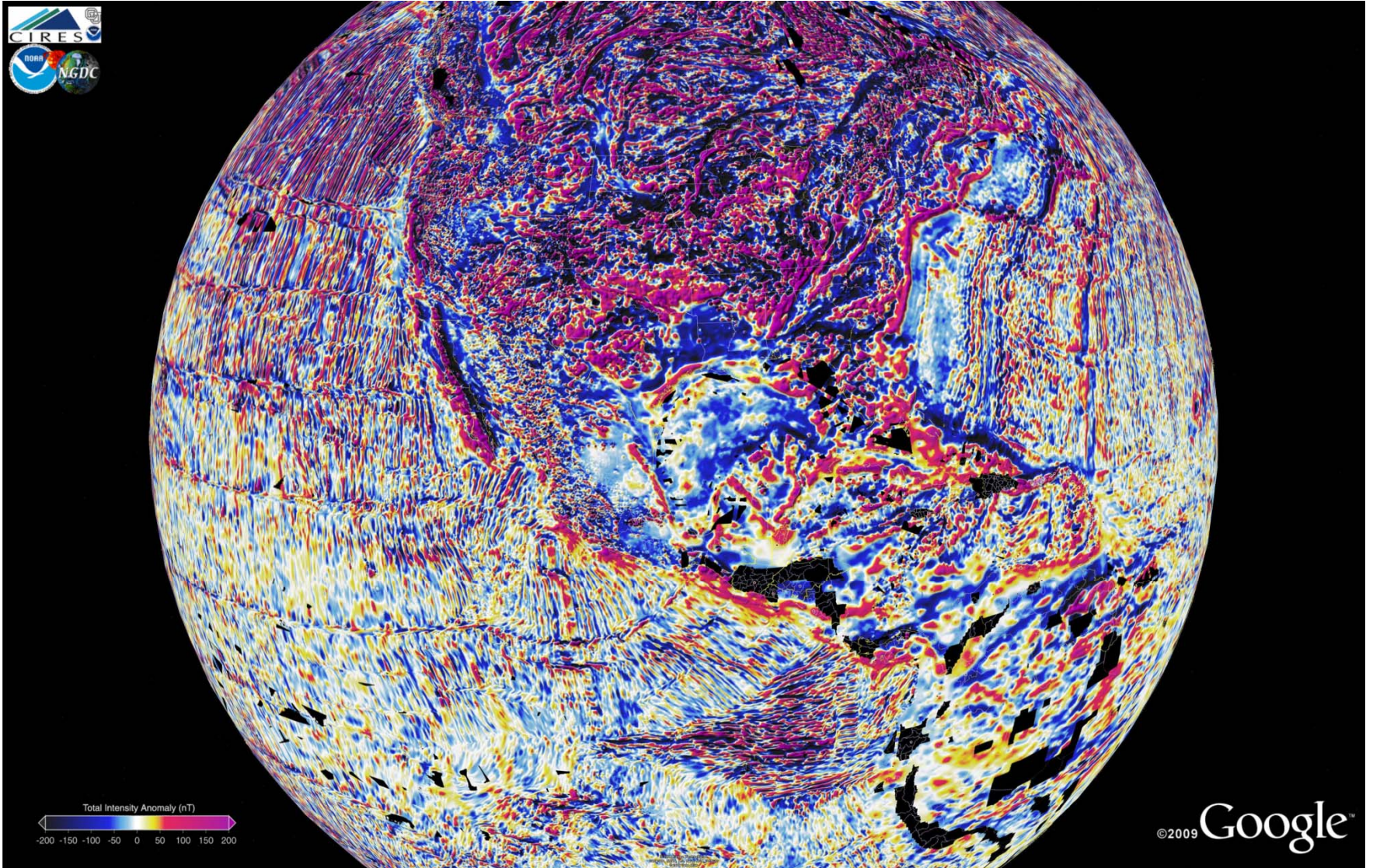


NGDC plays a key role in producing, distributing and providing support for both the WMM and the IGRF

# Earth Magnetic Anomaly Grid (EMAG2)

2-arc minute (4 km) resolution, 4km above ellipsoid

*Compiled from airborne and marine and satellite magnetic measurements*



# High Definition Geomagnetic Model

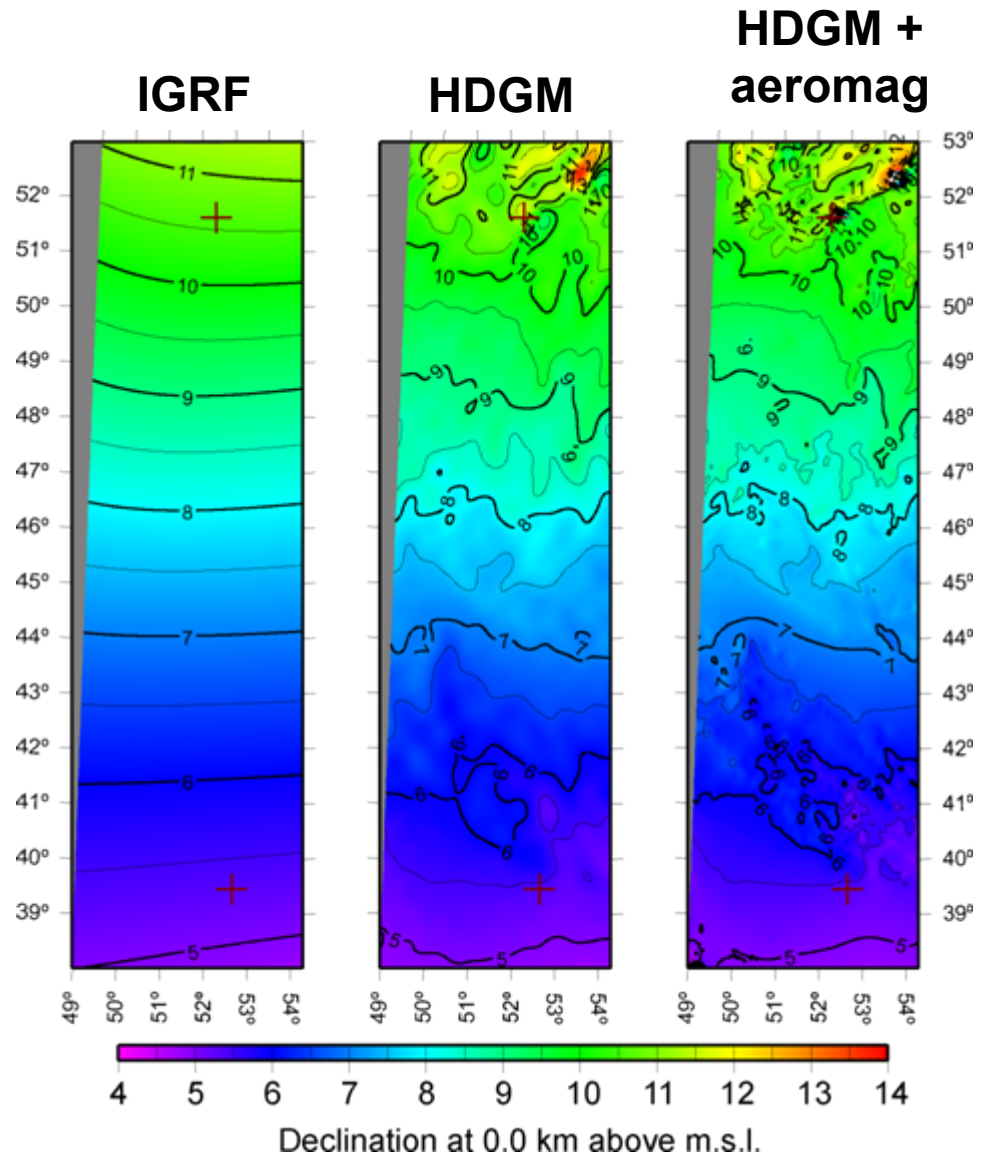
annually updated version of Enhanced Magnetic Model (EMM)

The HDGM model includes:

- Main field
- Secular variation
- Crustal field to degree 720
- Stable external field
- Error model

Annual model updates  
available each December 1<sup>st</sup>  
to members of a new  
University of Colorado  
Geomagnetism Research  
Consortium

For further details see:  
<http://geomag.org/consortium>



# Error tables for IGRF and HDGM

Intention of this study:

Provide error estimates for IGRF and HDGM corresponding to BGGM error tables (Macmillan, McKay and Grindrod, SPE/IADC 119851)

~~Original plan: Reproduce BGGM tables for IGRF & HDGM~~

New plan is to provide 2 options:

1. Simple: values to plug into the ISCWSA-2000 error model
2. Accurate: Breakdown by the primary error factors

Methodology partly borrowed from *Macmillan et al.* study

# Simple $1\sigma$ error table for Williamson 2000

		Total field	Dip	Declination
	Williamson 2000	130 nT	0.20°	$0.36^\circ + 5000^\circ \text{nT}/B_H$
This study				
	Total ( $\sqrt{\Sigma e^2}$ )	141 nT	0.24°	$0^\circ + 6280^\circ \text{nT}/B_H$
IGRF	114 nT	0.21°	$0^\circ + 5080^\circ \text{nT}/B_H$	
	HDGM			

## Simple $1\sigma$ error table

		Total field	Dip	Declination	
Williamson 2000		130 nT	0.20°	0.36° + 5000°nT/B <sub>H</sub>	
This study	Main field	IGRF HDGM	34 nT 11 nT	0.05° 0.02°	1430 °nT/B <sub>H</sub> 440 °nT/B <sub>H</sub>
	Crustal field	IGRF HDGM	131 nT 106 nT	0.19° 0.15°	5830 °nT/B <sub>H</sub> 4730 °nT/B <sub>H</sub>
	Steady extern	IGRF HDGM	10 nT 2 nT	0.03° 0.01°	400 °nT/B <sub>H</sub> 100 °nT/B <sub>H</sub>
	Disturbance field		40 nT	0.14°	1800 °nT/B <sub>H</sub>
	Total ( $\sqrt{\Sigma e^2}$ )	IGRF HDGM	141 nT 114 nT	0.24° 0.21°	0° + 6280 °nT/B <sub>H</sub> 0° + 5080 °nT/B <sub>H</sub>

# Simple error table for 99.7 percentile

		Total field	Dip	Declination
	Williamson 2000 ( $3\sigma$ )	390 nT	0.60°	1.08° + 15000°nT/B <sub>H</sub>
This study				
	Total ( $\sqrt{\Sigma e^2}$ )	670 nT	1.33°	0° + 29 400 °nT/B <sub>H</sub>
IGRF	550 nT	1.20°	0° + 24 200 °nT/B <sub>H</sub>	
	HDGM			

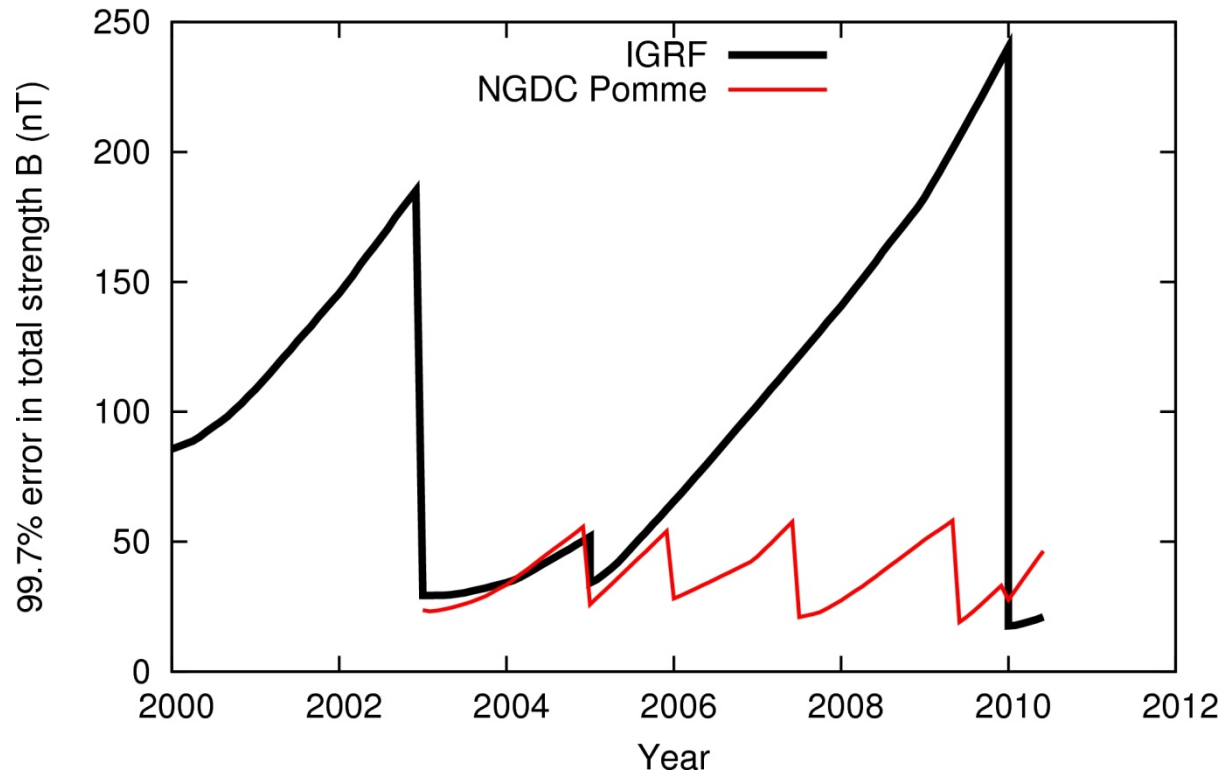


# Simple 99.7 percentile error table

		Total field	Dip	Declination	
Williamson 2000 ( $3\sigma$ )		390 nT	0.60°	1.08° + 15000°nT/B <sub>H</sub>	
This study	Main field	IGRF 46 nT	0.26° 0.08°	7 160 °nT/B <sub>H</sub> 1 820 °nT/B <sub>H</sub>	
	Crustal field	IGRF 477 nT	0.86° 0.68°	26 200 °nT/B <sub>H</sub> 21 300 °nT/B <sub>H</sub>	
	Steady extern	IGRF 2 nT	0.03° 0.01°	400 °nT/B <sub>H</sub> 100 °nT/B <sub>H</sub>	
	Disturbance field		270 nT	0.98°	11 300 °nT/B <sub>H</sub>
	Total ( $\sqrt{\Sigma e^2}$ )*		670 nT	1.33°	0° + 29 400 °nT/B <sub>H</sub>
	IGRF	550 nT	1.20°	0° + 24 200 °nT/B <sub>H</sub>	
	HDGM				

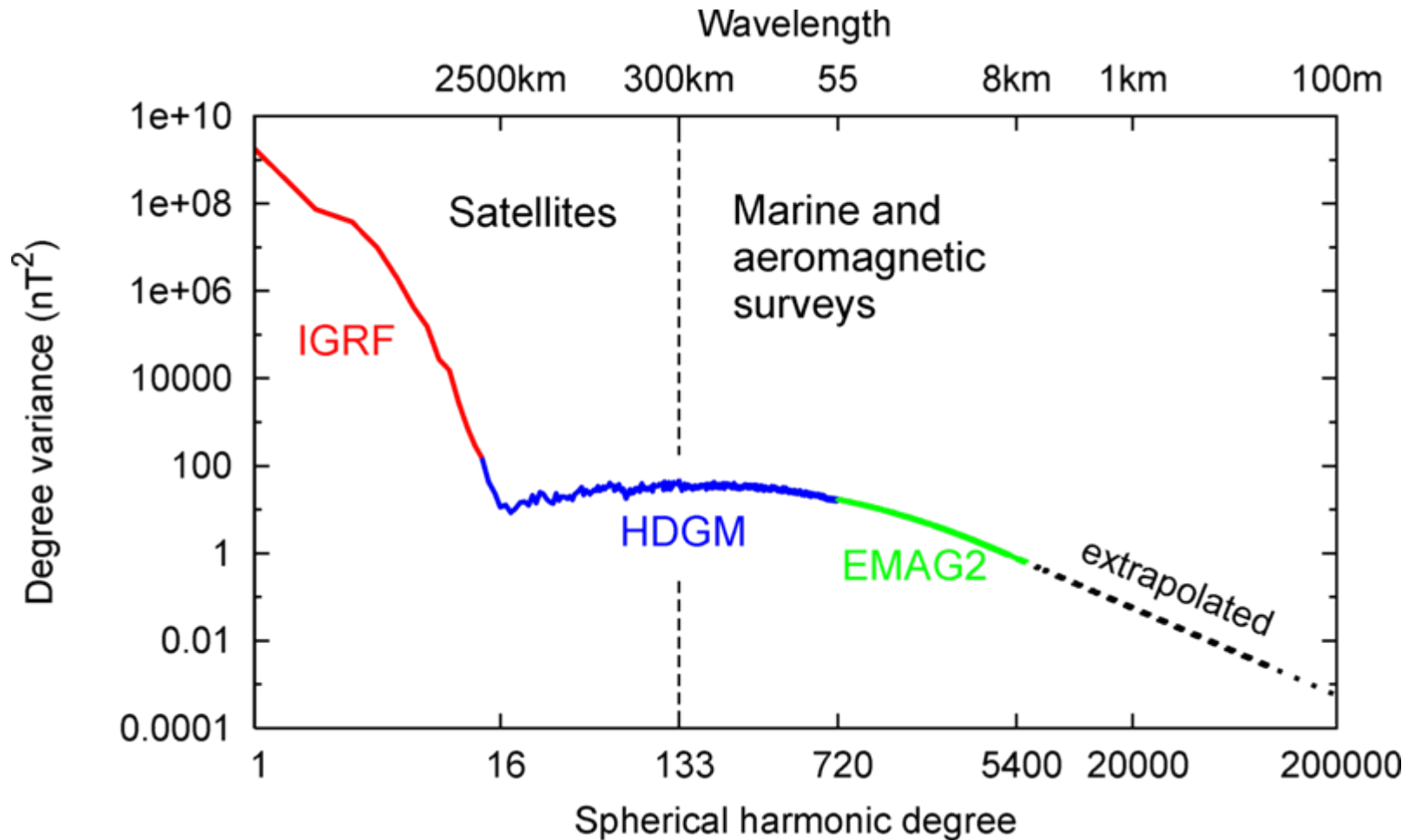
\*Only approximately valid for non-Gaussian errors

# Main field: 99.7% uncertainty in total field



- Past field known accurately, difficult to predict future  
→ Models are accurate on their release date and deteriorate subsequently

# Earth's Internal magnetic field degree variance



The area under the curve gives the total variance  $\langle \mathbf{B}^2 \rangle$  of the magnetic field vector  $\mathbf{B}$

# Crustal magnetic field omission error

	Model	Degree	Resolution	B	Dip	Declination	
Omission error	IGRF	13	1500 km	131 nT	0.19°	5830 °nT/B <sub>H</sub>	
	Satellite	133	150 km	126 nT	0.18°	5580 °nT/B <sub>H</sub>	
	HDGM	720	28 km	97 nT	0.14°	4300 °nT/B <sub>H</sub>	
	Geomagnetic referencing requiring special processing:						
	EMAG2			4 km	41 nT	0.06°	1840 °nT/B <sub>H</sub>
	Aeromag survey			1 km	22 nT	0.03°	960 °nT/B <sub>H</sub>

## Crustal magnetic field error ( $1 \sigma$ )

	Model	Degree	Resolution	B	Dip	Declination
Omission error	IGRF	13	1500 km	131 nT	0.19°	5830 °nT/B <sub>H</sub>
	Satellite	133	150 km	126 nT	0.18°	5580 °nT/B <sub>H</sub>
	HDGM	720	28 km	97 nT	0.14°	4300 °nT/B <sub>H</sub>

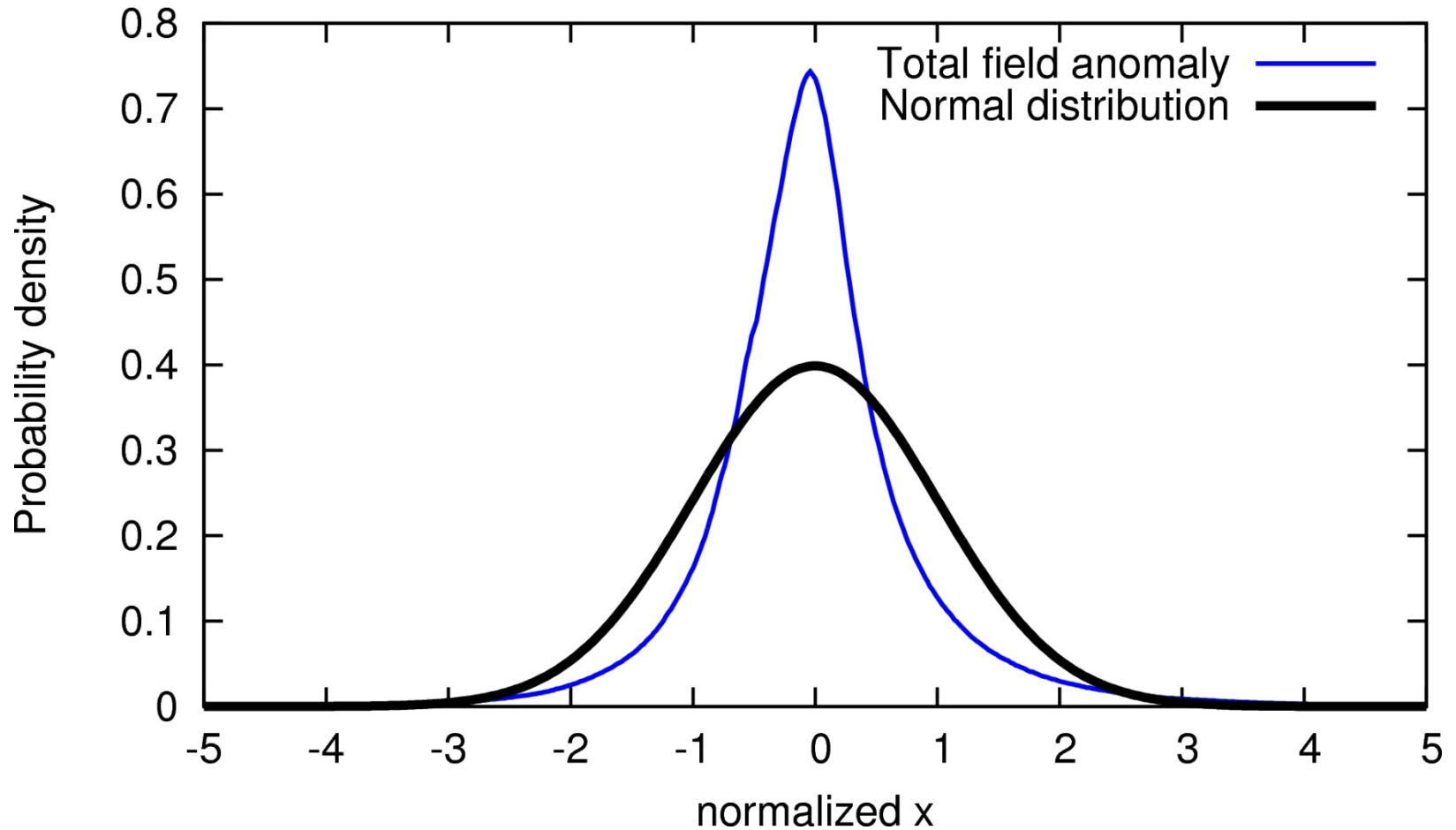
HDGM accounts for roughly 75% of crustal power to degree 720:

Total error	HDGM	720	28 km	106 nT	0.15°	4730 °nT/B <sub>H</sub>
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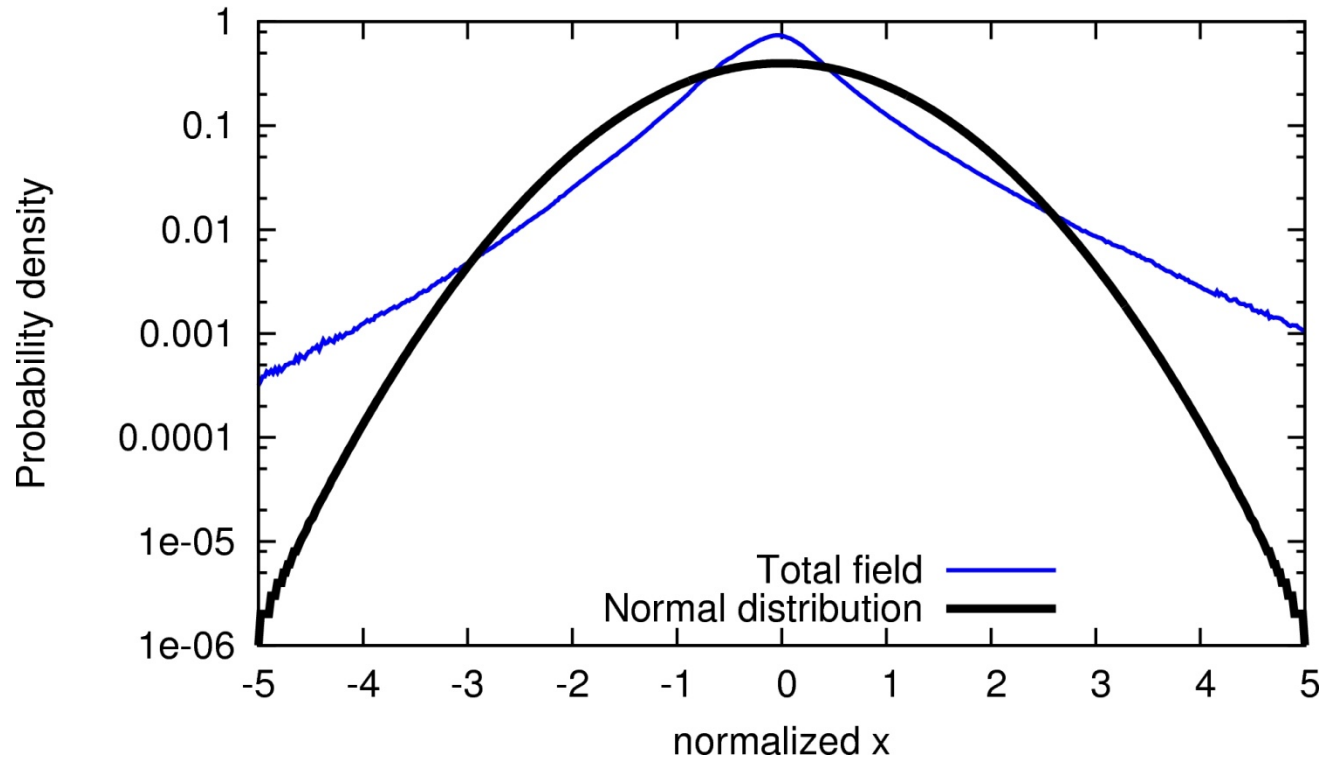
Geomagnetic referencing requiring special processing:

Omission error	EMAG2		4 km	41 nT	0.06°	1840 °nT/B <sub>H</sub>
	Aeromag survey		1 km	22 nT	0.03°	960 °nT/B <sub>H</sub>

# Crustal error distribution standardized to $\sigma=1$ from Earth Magnetic Anomaly Grid EMAG2

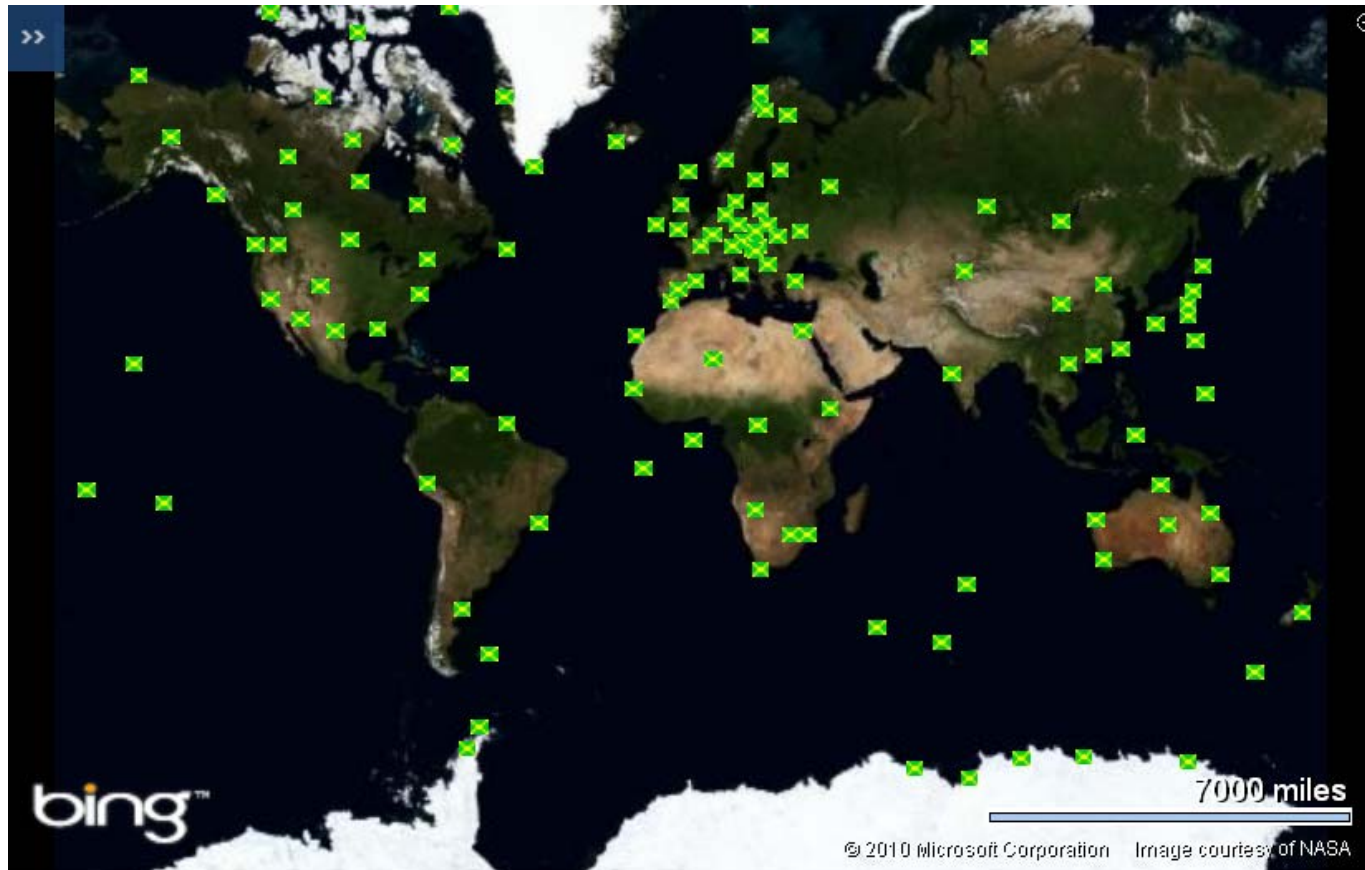


# Crustal error distribution standardized to $\sigma=1$ logarithmic scale



	<b>68.3%</b>		<b>95.4%</b>		<b>99.7%</b>	
Normal	<b>1 <math>\sigma</math></b>		<b>2 <math>\sigma</math></b>		<b>3 <math>\sigma</math></b>	
	<b><math>\sigma</math></b>	<b>Offset</b>	<b><math>\sigma</math></b>	<b>Offset</b>	<b><math>\sigma</math></b>	<b>Offset</b>
<b>Crustal B</b>	<b>0.66</b>	<b>-34%</b>	<b>1.92</b>	<b>-4%</b>	<b>4.54</b>	<b>51%</b>

# Disturbance field contribution estimated using magnetic observatory minute values

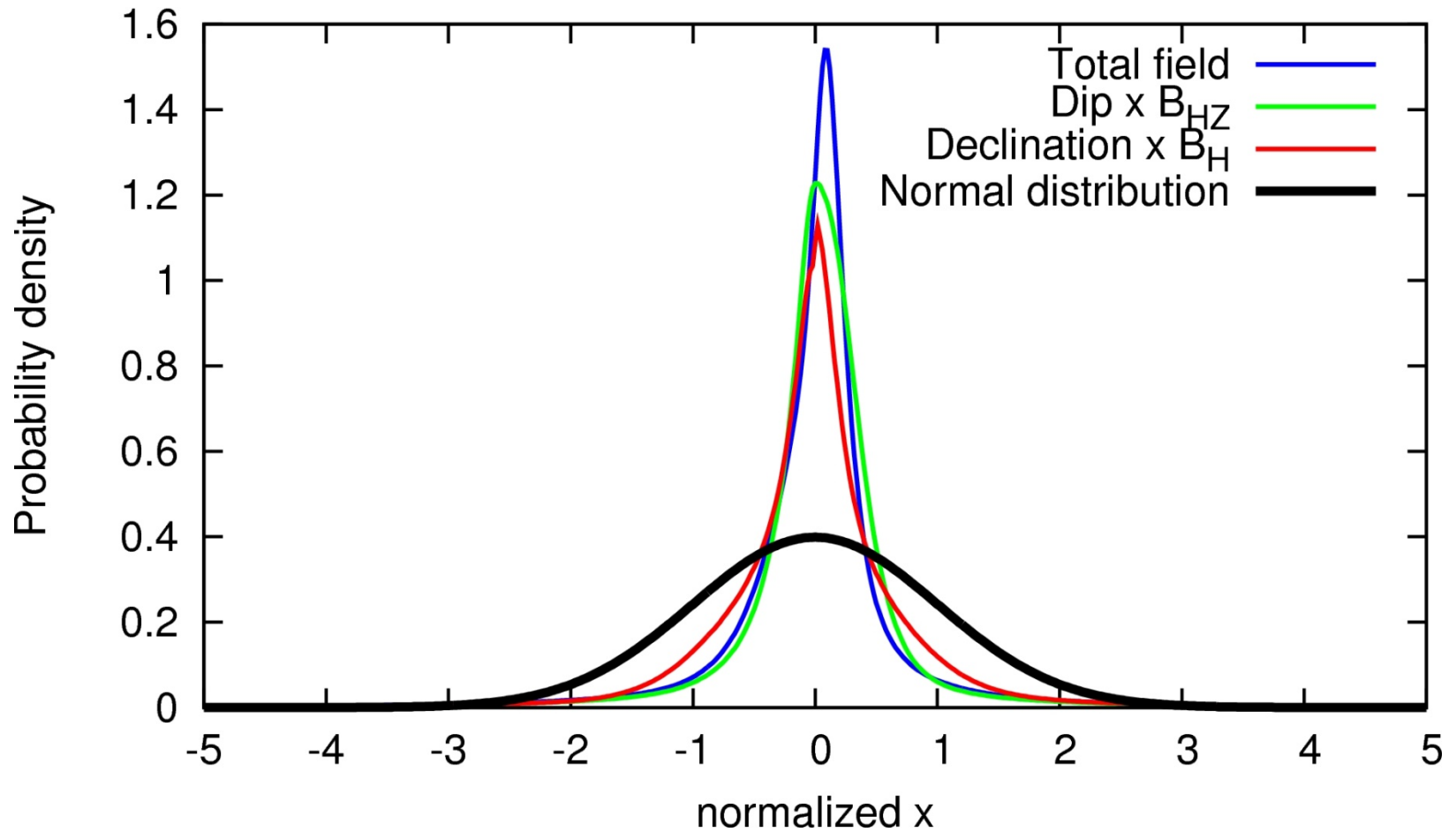


<http://spidr.ngdc.noaa.gov/spidr>

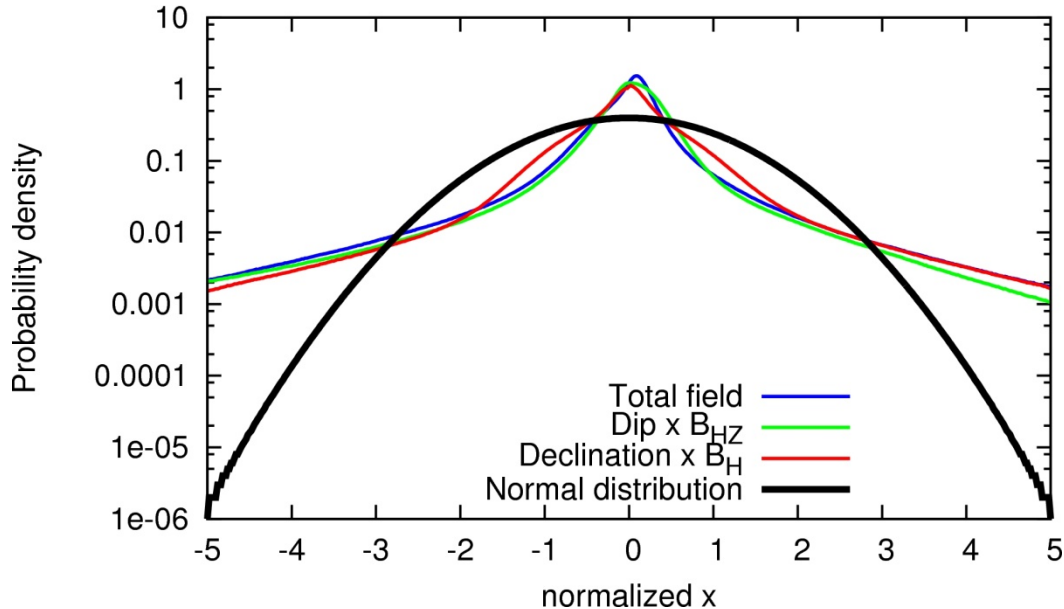
Data from 1995 to 2006, covering one full solar cycle



# Disturbance field error distribution

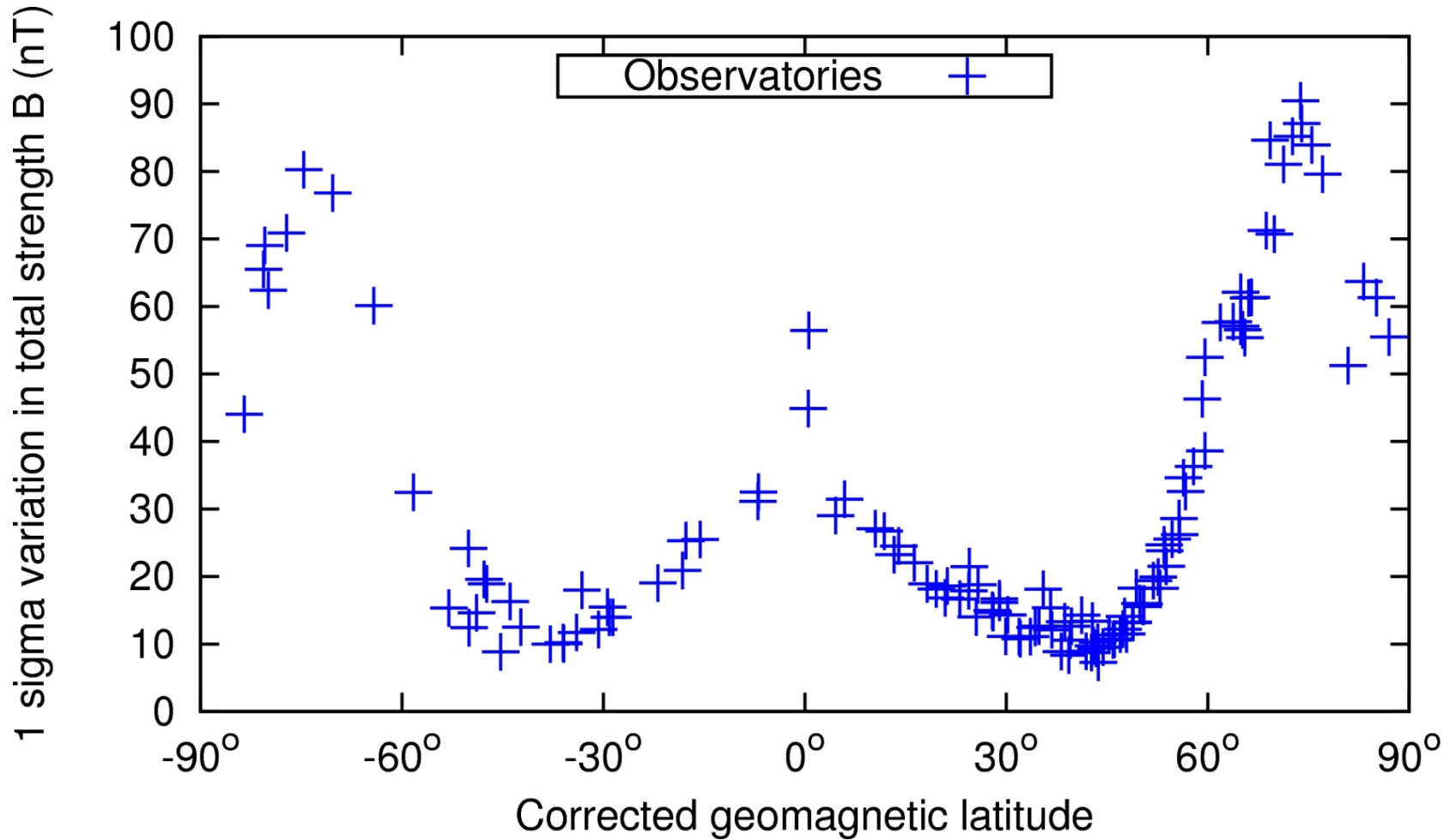


# Disturbance field error distribution logarithmic scale

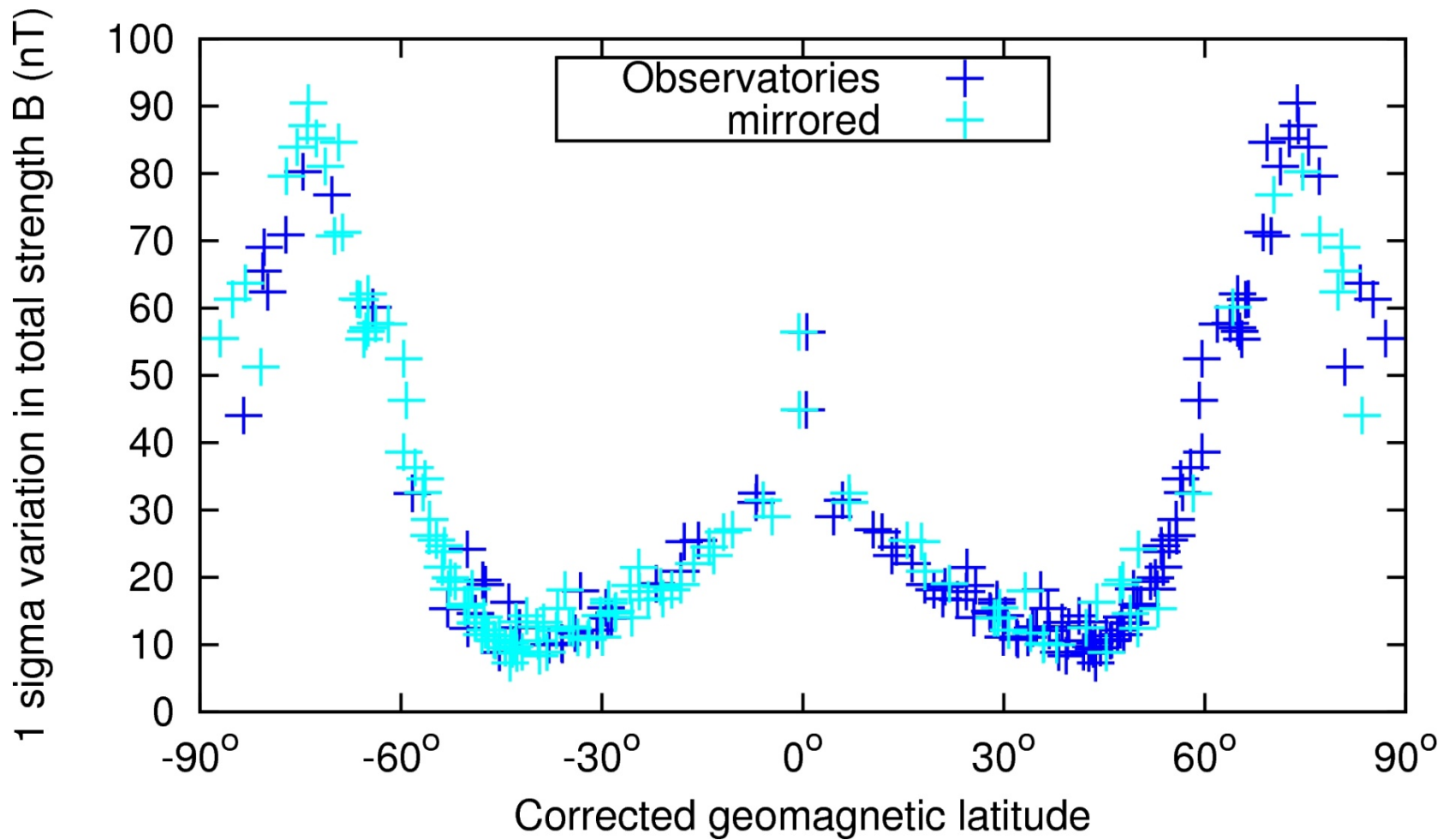


	<b>68.3%</b>		<b>95.4%</b>		<b>99.7%</b>	
	$\sigma$	Offset	$\sigma$	Offset	$\sigma$	Offset
<b>B</b>	0.4	-60%	1.96	-2%	6.68	113%
<b>Dip</b>	0.4	-60%	1.74	-13%	7.04	135%
<b>Declination</b>	0.56	-44%	1.82	-9%	6.28	110%

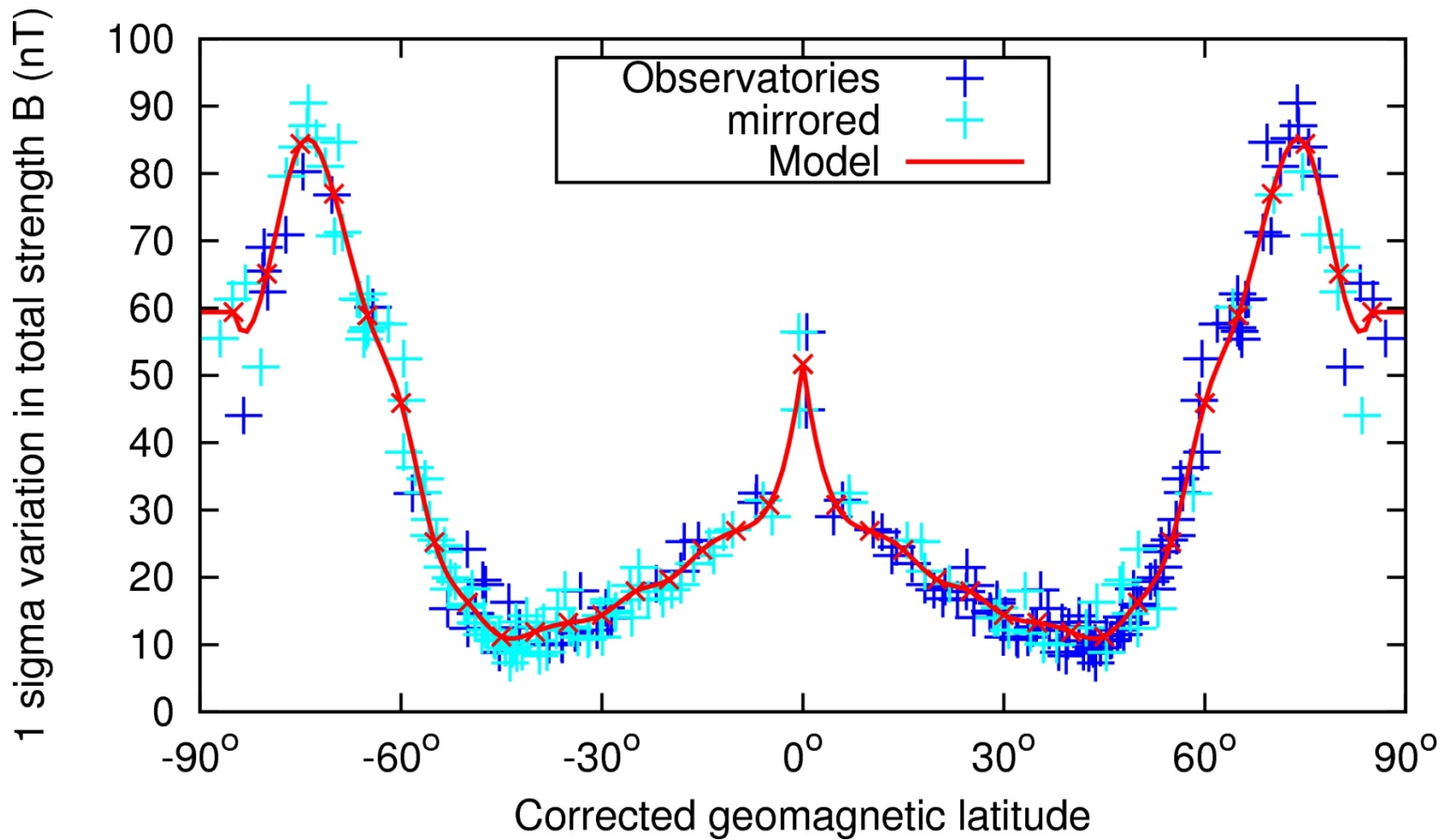
# Disturbance field variation in total field (B) by corrected geomagnetic latitude



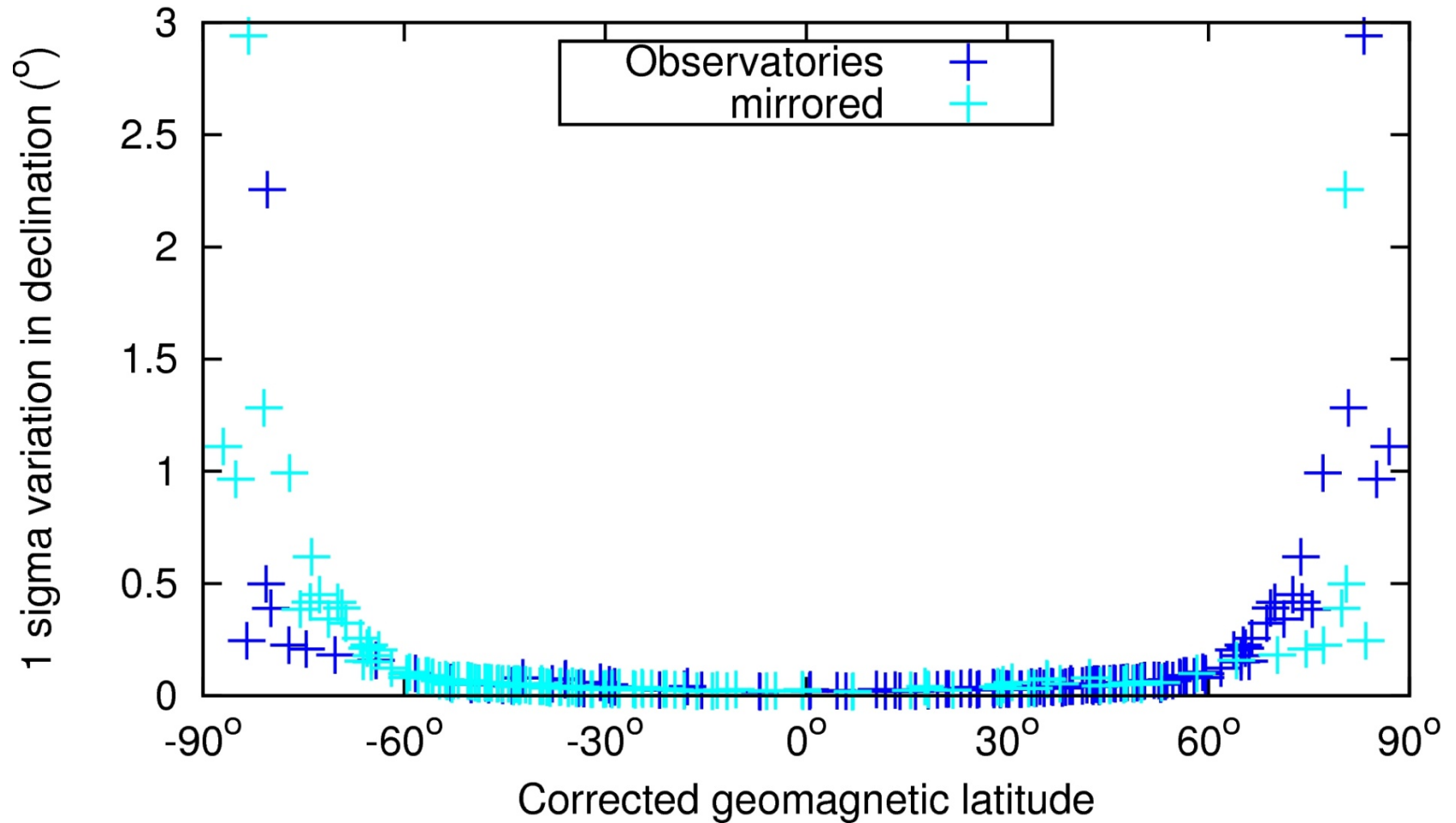
# Disturbance field variation in total field (B)



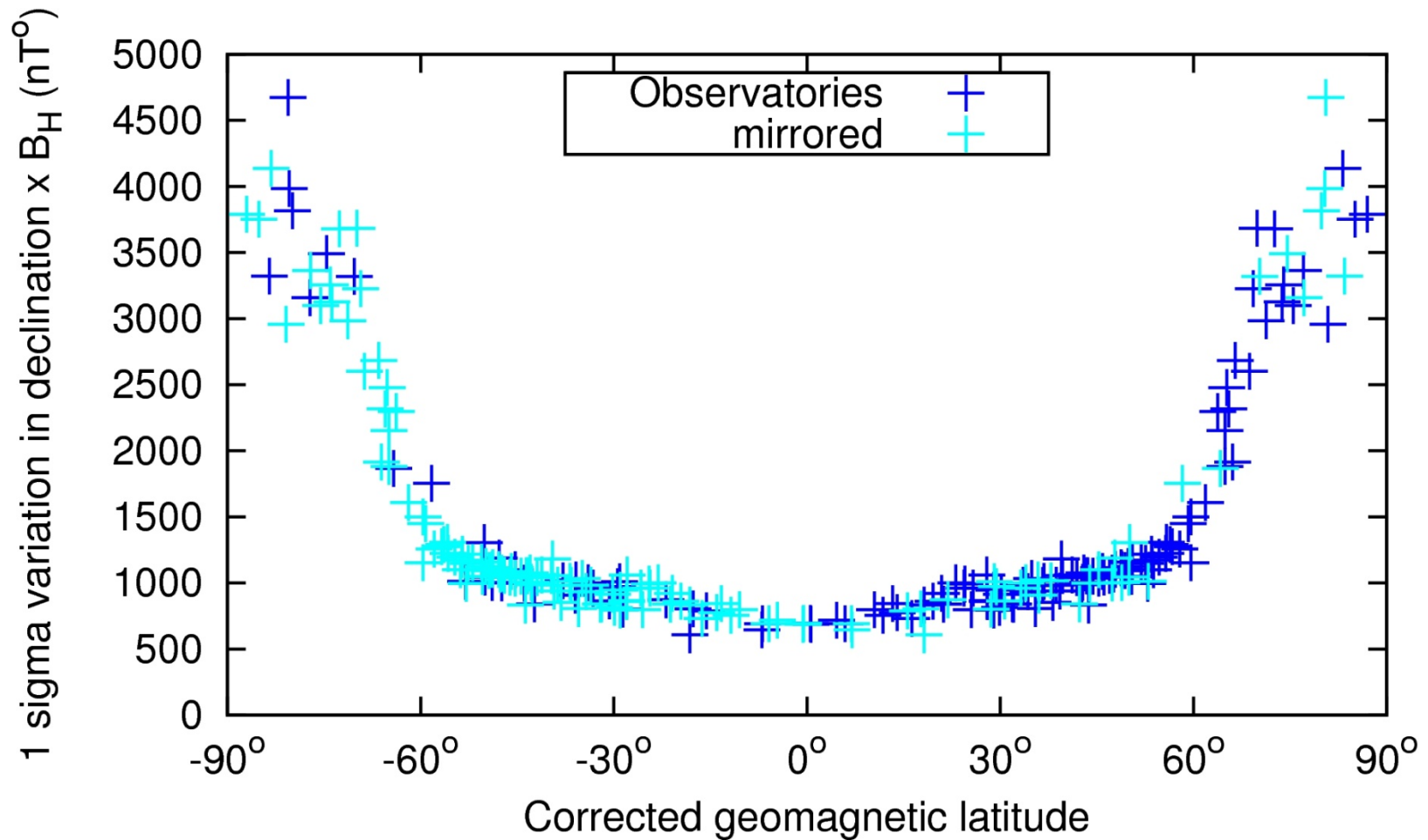
# Disturbance field variation in total field (B)



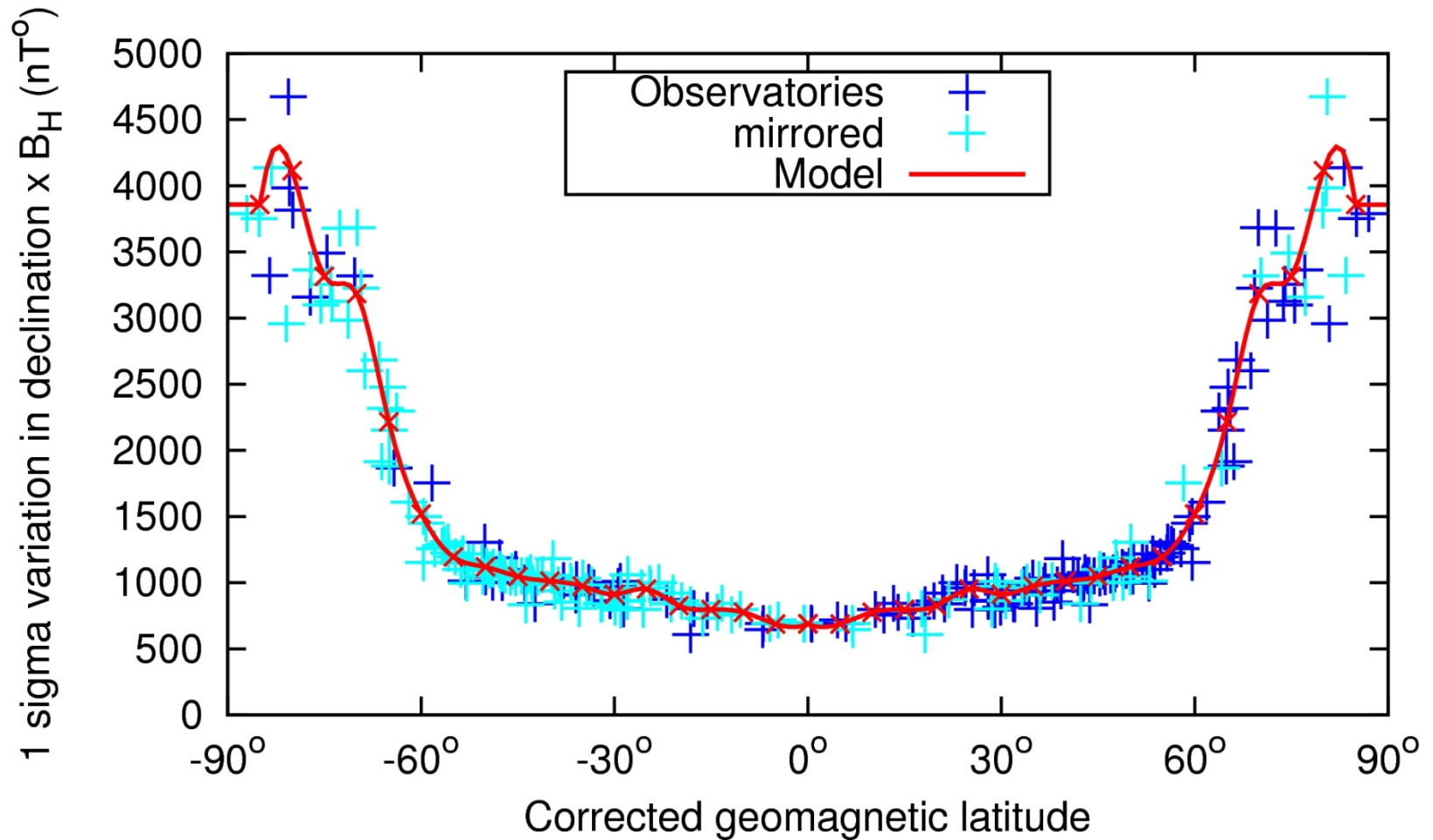
# Disturbance field variation in declination



# Disturbance field variation in declination x $B_H$

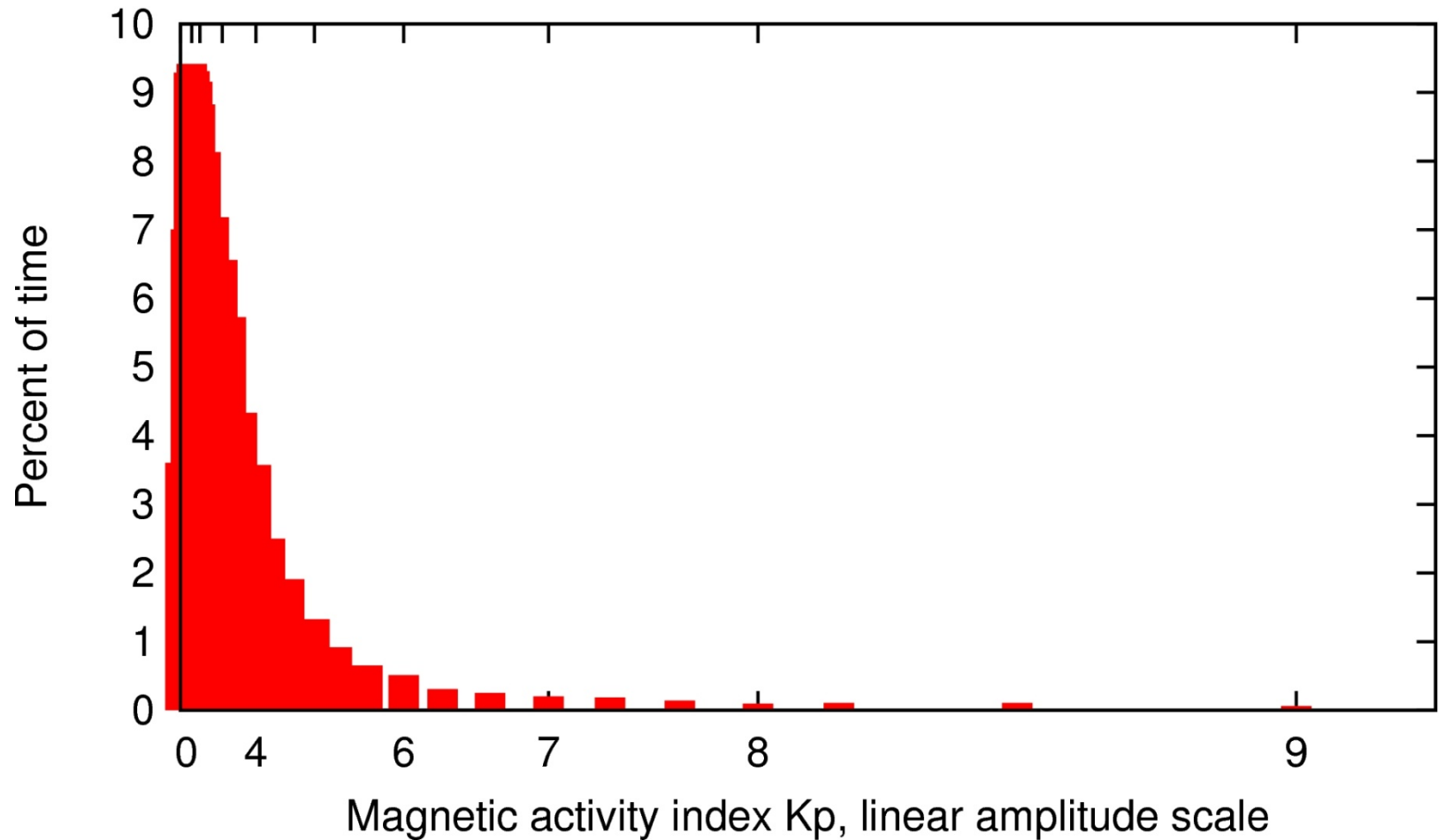


# Disturbance field variation in declination x $B_H$





# Histogram of magnetic activity (Kp index)





# Prudhoe Bay example (148.7 W, 70.3N )

## Declination error ( $2\sigma$ )

	Survey #	Main field error	Crustal field error	Disturbance field error	Total error	Updated Willmsn (simple)
Past	1					
	40					
	80					
	120					
Today	150					
Tomorrow	160					
Future	180+					

# Prudhoe Bay example (148.7 W, 70.3N )

## Declination error ( $2\sigma$ )

### Using simple error model:

Magnetic horizontal strength ( $B_H$ ): 19 100 nT

Magnetic reference model: HDGM

	Survey #	Main field error	Crustal field error	Disturbance field error (simple)	Total error (accurate)	Updated Willmsn (simple)
Past	1	0.04°	0.50°	0.19°		0.53°
	40	0.04°	0.50°	0.19°		0.53°
	80	0.04°	0.50°	0.19°		0.53°
	120	0.04°	0.50°	0.19°		0.53°
Today	150	0.04°	0.50°	0.19°		0.53°
Tomorrow	160	0.04°	0.50°	0.19°		0.53°
Future	180+	0.04°	0.50°	0.19°		0.53°

# Prudhoe Bay example (148.7 W, 70.3N )

## Declination error ( $2\sigma$ )

**Using accurate error model:**

Corrected geomagnetic latitude (CGM):  $70.4^\circ$

Magnetic horizontal strength ( $B_H$ ): 19 100 nT

Magnetic vertical strength ( $B_Z$ ): 50 000 nT

Magnetic reference model: HDGM

	Survey #	Main field error	Crustal field error	Disturbance field error (accurate)	Total error (accurate)	Updated Willmsn (simple)
Past	1	$0.04^\circ$	$0.50^\circ$			$0.53^\circ$
	40	$0.04^\circ$	$0.50^\circ$			$0.53^\circ$
	80	$0.04^\circ$	$0.50^\circ$			$0.53^\circ$
	120	$0.04^\circ$	$0.50^\circ$			$0.53^\circ$
Today	150	$0.04^\circ$	$0.50^\circ$			$0.53^\circ$
Tomorrow	160	$0.04^\circ$	$0.50^\circ$			$0.53^\circ$
Future	180+	$0.04^\circ$	$0.50^\circ$	$0.34^\circ$	$0.61^\circ$	$0.53^\circ$

# Prudhoe Bay example (148.7 W, 70.3N )

## Declination error ( $2\sigma$ )

**Using accurate error model:**

Corrected geomagnetic latitude (CGM):  $70.4^\circ$

Magnetic horizontal strength ( $B_H$ ): 19 100 nT

Magnetic vertical strength ( $B_Z$ ): 50 000 nT

Magnetic reference model: HDGM

	Survey #	Main field error	Crustal field error	Disturbance field error (accurate)	Total error (accurate)	Updated Willmsn (simple)
Past	1	$0.04^\circ$	$0.50^\circ$	$0.12^\circ$ (Kp=0)	$0.52^\circ$	$0.53^\circ$
	40	$0.04^\circ$	$0.50^\circ$	$0.26^\circ$ (Kp=2)	$0.56^\circ$	$0.53^\circ$
	80	$0.04^\circ$	$0.50^\circ$	$2.04^\circ$ (Kp=9)	$2.10^\circ$	$0.53^\circ$
	120	$0.04^\circ$	$0.50^\circ$	$0.80^\circ$ (Kp=6)	$0.94^\circ$	$0.53^\circ$
Today	150	$0.04^\circ$	$0.50^\circ$			$0.53^\circ$
Tomorrow	160	$0.04^\circ$	$0.50^\circ$			$0.53^\circ$
Future	180+	$0.04^\circ$	$0.50^\circ$	$0.34^\circ$	$0.61^\circ$	$0.53^\circ$

# Prudhoe Bay example (148.7 W, 70.3N )

## Declination error ( $2\sigma$ )

**Using accurate error model:**

Corrected geomagnetic latitude (CGM):  $70.4^\circ$

Magnetic horizontal strength ( $B_H$ ): 19 100 nT

Magnetic vertical strength ( $B_Z$ ): 50 000 nT

Magnetic reference model: HDGM

	Survey #	Main field error	Crustal field error	Disturbance field error (accurate)	Total error (accurate)	Updated Willmsn (simple)
Past	1	$0.04^\circ$	$0.50^\circ$	$0.12^\circ$ (Kp=0)	$0.52^\circ$	$0.53^\circ$
	40	$0.04^\circ$	$0.50^\circ$	$0.26^\circ$ (Kp=2)	$0.56^\circ$	$0.53^\circ$
	80	$0.04^\circ$	$0.50^\circ$	$2.04^\circ$ (Kp=9)	$2.10^\circ$	$0.53^\circ$
	120	$0.04^\circ$	$0.50^\circ$	$0.80^\circ$ (Kp=6)	$0.94^\circ$	$0.53^\circ$
Today	150	$0.04^\circ$	$0.50^\circ$	$0.18^\circ$ (Kp=1)	$0.53^\circ$	$0.53^\circ$
Tomorrow	160	$0.04^\circ$	$0.50^\circ$	$0.26^\circ$ (Kp<2)	$0.56^\circ$	$0.53^\circ$
Future	180+	$0.04^\circ$	$0.50^\circ$	$0.34^\circ$	$0.61^\circ$	$0.53^\circ$

# Summary

## Simple error tables for IGRF and HDGM

- Compatible with the ISCWSA-2000 error model
- Breakdown by Main, Crustal and Disturbance field
- Percentiles accounting for non-Gaussian distribution

## Accurate error model accounting for further factors

- Main field: time since last model update (for IGRF!)
- Crustal field: degree of the model
- Disturbance field: Magnetic latitude and activity ( $K_p$ )

Acknowledgement of satellite and observatory data providers

Presentation available at: <http://geomag.org/ISCWSA>

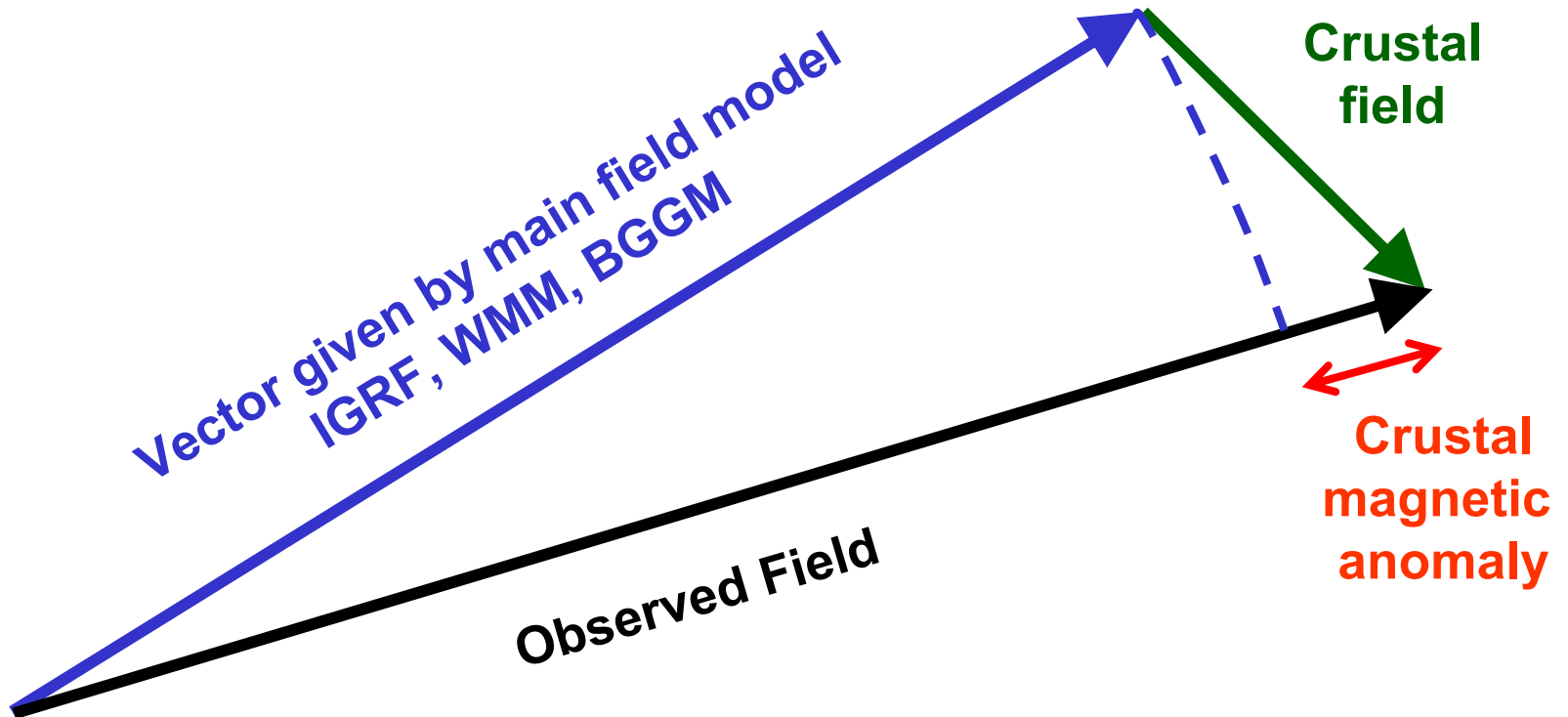


Florence, Sep-23 2010



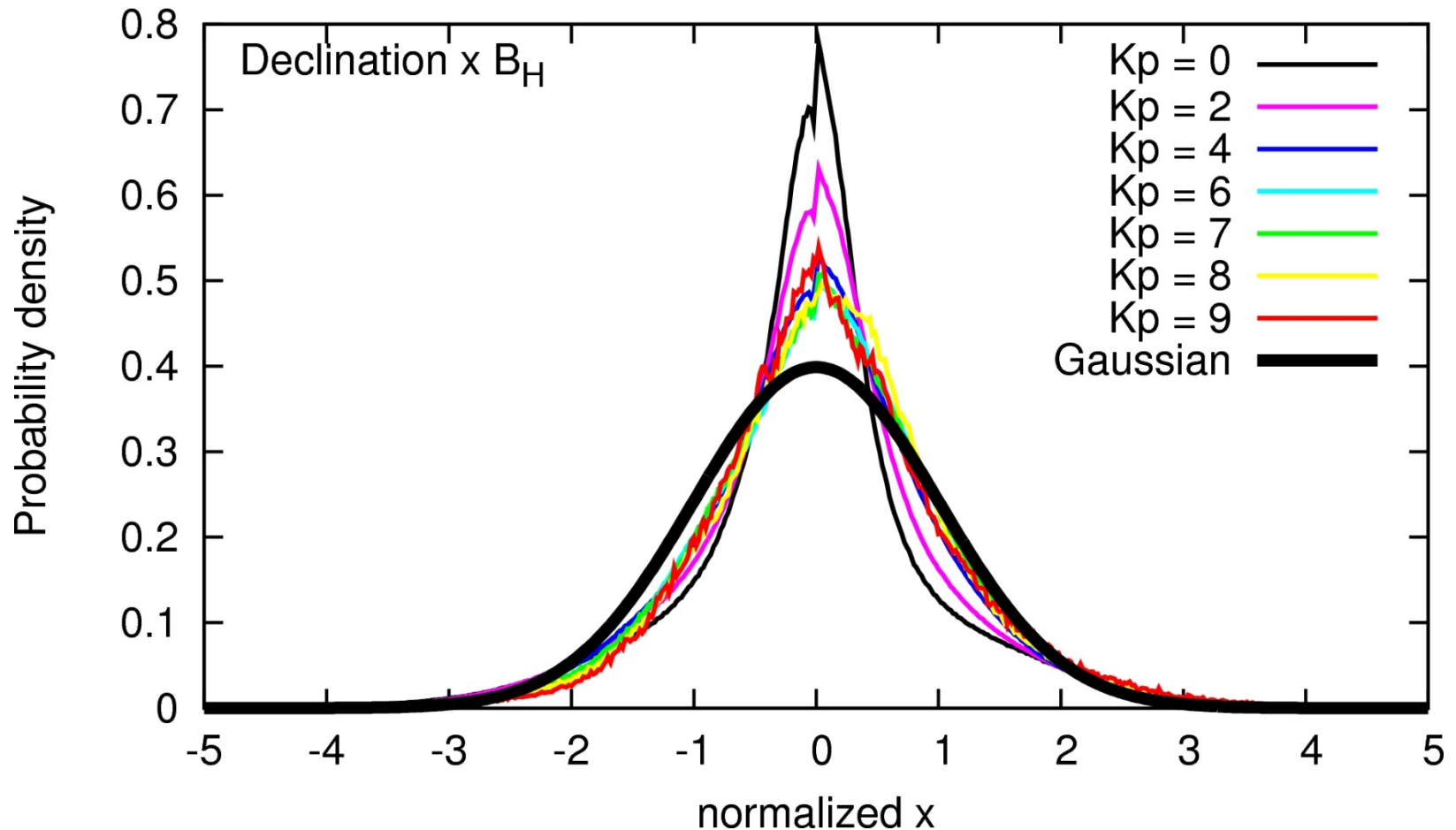


What is displayed in a crustal magnetic anomaly map?

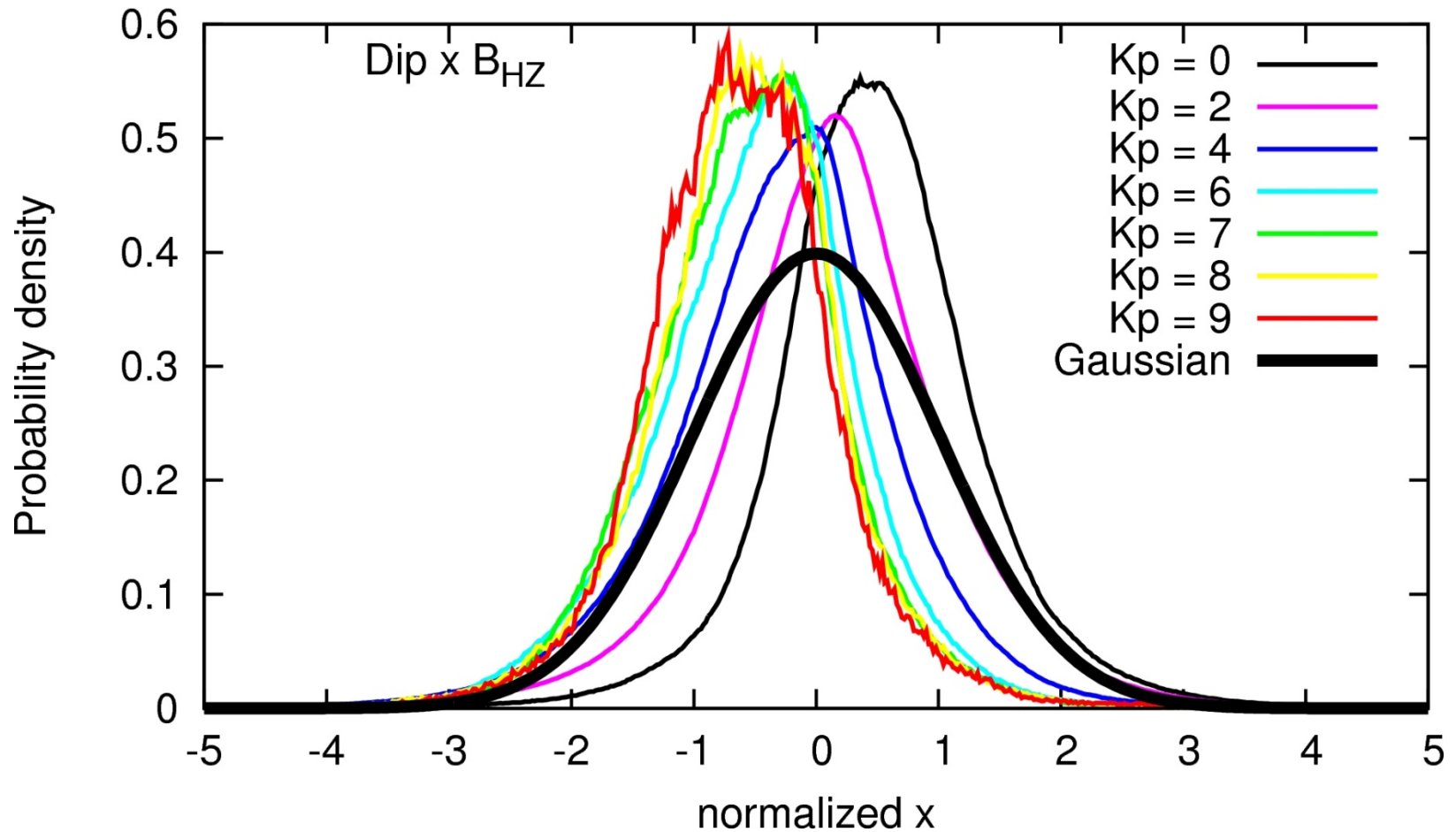


→ Knowing the main field and the crustal anomaly does **not** provide the direction and dip of the field. This requires further special processing (In-Field Referencing).

# Error distributions standardized to $\sigma=1$ by magnetic latitude (CGM) and activity (Kp)



# Error distributions standardized to $\sigma=1$ by magnetic latitude (CGM) and activity (Kp)



# Prudhoe Bay example (148.7 W, 70.3N )

## Declination error (99.7%)

**Using accurate error model:**

Corrected geomagnetic latitude (CGM): 70.4°

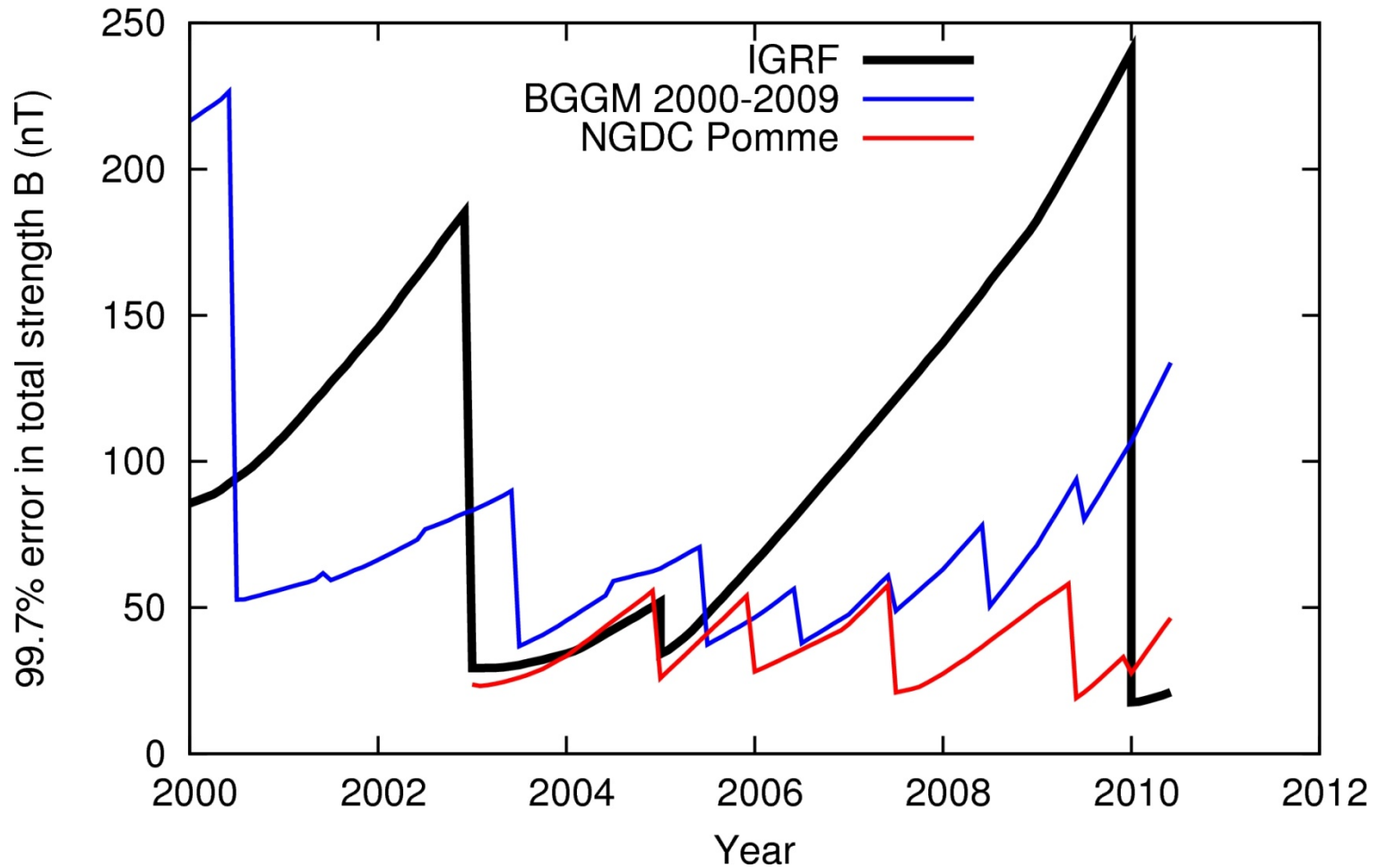
Magnetic horizontal strength ( $B_H$ ): 19 100 nT

Magnetic vertical strength ( $B_Z$ ): 50 000 nT

Magnetic reference model: HDGM

	Survey #	Main field error	Crustal field error	Disturbance field error (accurate)	Total error (accurate)	Updated Willmsn (simple)
Past	1	0.10°	1.12°	0.27° (Kp=0)	1.16°	1.27°
	40	0.10°	1.12°	0.55° (Kp=2)	1.25°	1.27°
	80	0.10°	1.12°	4.41° (Kp=9)	4.55°	1.27°
	120	0.10°	1.12°	1.74° (Kp=6)	2.07°	1.27°
Today	150	0.10°	1.12°	0.39° (Kp=1)	1.19°	1.27°
Tomorrow	160	0.10°	1.12°	0.55° (Kp<2)	1.25°	1.27°
Future	180+	0.10°	1.12°	0.91°	1.45°	1.27°

# Main field: 99.7% error in total field against BGGM 2010



**Models are accurate on their release date  
and deteriorate subsequently**