

Updating Of Along-hole Depth Elements Of The ISCWSA Error Model

Harald Bolt, Depth Solutions

51st Meeting – 5th and 7th May 2020





Speaker background

Depth Solutions, DwpD Ltd

35 years after trying to figure out where TD is

... now looking now at how uncertain it all is

API RP-78 Depth QA-QC subcommittee member

Depth Solutions specializes in

- Along-hole depth
- Determining requirements
- Measurement and correction
- Uncertainty
- Process, audit and training

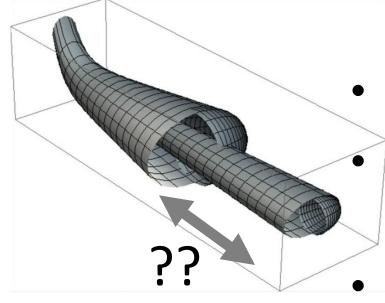
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What is this all about





• TAH depth

Issues with the existing ISCWSA along-hole depth uncertainty models and elements

- Generic uncertainty model components
- Correction model uncertainty
- ISCWSA depth uncertainty model elements





What is True Along-hole Depth ?

Length determination + Correction +/- Uncertainty = TAH, True Along-hole, Depth

Corrected depth ... together with an uncertainty term defining the ... uncertainty to one (1)-sigma.

Ref. Along-hole Depth Rev5.1, www.lulu.com





Existing ISCWSA along-hole depth uncertainty component terminology

From Brooks, Wilson, Jamieson & McRobbie SPE-956111, 2005

Reference errors – systematic (survey datum, wind, tides, weather, cable sag)

Reference errors – random (waves, weather tides/ballast, pipe stick-up, log picks)

Scale factor errors – systematic (MWD/LWD) (tape measure, measurement temperature, weighton-bit, pump-off, differential pressure, annulus drag, nozzle thrust, rotary torque)

Scale factor errors – well by well (wireline) (wireline wheel wear, wheel slippage, marking temperature, marking accuracy)

Stretch type errors – systematic (wireline) (wireline inelastic stretch, temperature, pressure, torsion)

Stretch type errors – global (MWD/LWD) (drillpipe elastic stretch, temperature, hydrostatic)





Existing ISCWSA along-hole depth accuracy parameters

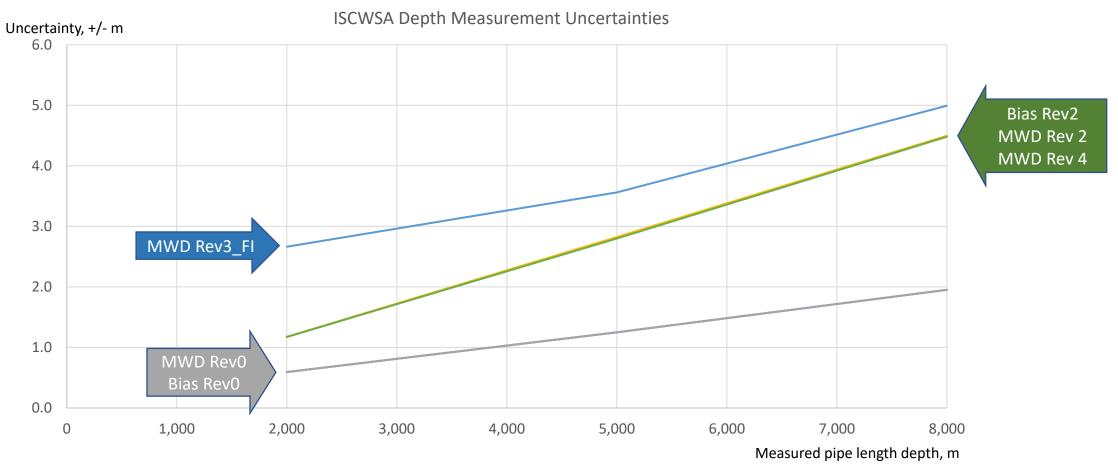
| No | Code | Term Description | Wt.Fn. | Magnitude bias Rev0 | Magnitude bias Rev2 | Magnitude MWD Rev0 | Magnitude MWD Rev2 | Magnitude MWD Rev3_FI | Magnitude MWD Rev4 | Units |
|----|------|--|--------|------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|-------|
| 1 | DRFR | Depth: Depth Reference - Random | DREF | 0.35 | 0.35 | 0.35 | 0.35 | 2.2 | 0.35 | m |
| 2 | DSFS | Depth: Depth Scale Factor - Systematic | DSF | 0.00024 | 0.00056 | 0.00024 | 0.00056 | | 0.00056 | - |
| 2 | DSFS | Depth: Depth Reference - Systematic | DREF | | | | | 1 | | - |
| 3 | DSTB | Depth: Depth Stretch - Bias | DST | 0.00000044 | 0.0000005 | 0.00000022 | 0.00000025 | | | 1/m |
| 3 | DSTB | Depth: Depth Scale Factor - Systematic | DSF | | | | | 0.00056 | | 1/m |
| 3 | DSTG | Depth: Depth Stretch - Global | DST | | | | | | 0.00000025 | 1/m |
| 4 | DSTG | Depth: Depth Stretch - Global | DST | | | | | 0.00000025 | | 1/m |





Existing ISCWSA along-hole uncertainty results

Based on "Measured depth" only



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Current ISCWSA reference terms Reference, *Measurement/calibration*, CORRECTION

Reference errors – systematic (e.g. survey datum, wind, tides, weather)

Reference errors – random (e.g. waves, weather tides/ballast, pipe stick-up, log picks)

Scale factor errors – systematic (MWD/LWD)

Scale factor errors – well by well (wireline)

Stretch type errors – systematic (wireline)

Stretch type errors – global (MWD/LWD)





Current ISCWSA calibration terms Reference, *Measurement/calibration*, CORRECTION

Reference errors – systematic

Reference errors – random

Scale factor errors – systematic (MWD/LWD) (e.g. *tape measure, measurement temperature*)

Scale factor errors – well by well (wireline) (e.g. *wireline wheel wear, marking temperature, marking accuracy*)

Stretch type errors – systematic (wireline) (e.g. *wireline* INELASTIC *stretch*)

Stretch type errors – global (MWD/LWD)

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Current ISCWSA correction terms Reference, *Measurement/calibration*, CORRECTION

Reference errors – systematic (CABLE SAG)

Reference errors – random

Scale factor errors – systematic (MWD/LWD) (WEIGHT-ON-BIT, PUMP-OFF, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE, ANNULUS DRAG, NOZZLE THRUST, ROTARY TORQUE)

Scale factor errors – well by well (wireline) (WHEEL SLIPPAGE)

Stretch type errors – systematic (wireline) (*wireline* INELASTIC *stretch*, TEMPERATURE, PRESSURE, TORSION)

Stretch type errors – global (MWD/LWD) (DRILLPIPE ELASTIC STRETCH, TEMPERATURE, HYDROSTATIC)





Current ISCWSA terms mixed Reference, *Measurement/calibration*, CORRECTION

Reference errors – systematic (survey datum, wind, tides, weather, CABLE SAG)

Reference errors – random (waves, weather tides/ballast, pipe stick-up, log picks)

Scale factor errors – systematic (MWD/LWD) (*tape measure, measurement temperature,* WEIGHT-ON-BIT, PUMP-OFF, DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE, ANNULUS DRAG, NOZZLE THRUST, ROTARY TORQUE)

Scale factor errors – well by well (wireline) (*wireline wheel wear*, WHEEL SLIPPAGE, *marking temperature*, *marking accuracy*)

Stretch type errors – systematic (wireline) (*wireline* INELASTIC *stretch*, TEMPERATURE, PRESSURE, TORSION)

Stretch type errors – global (MWD/LWD) (DRILLPIPE ELASTIC STRETCH, TEMPERATURE, HYDROSTATIC)





Existing uncertainty issues

- ? Realities of well conditions
- ? Measurement technology used
- ? Drill string architecture and rig state
- ? Measurement and correction types
- ? Correction model options
- ? Uncertainty requirements





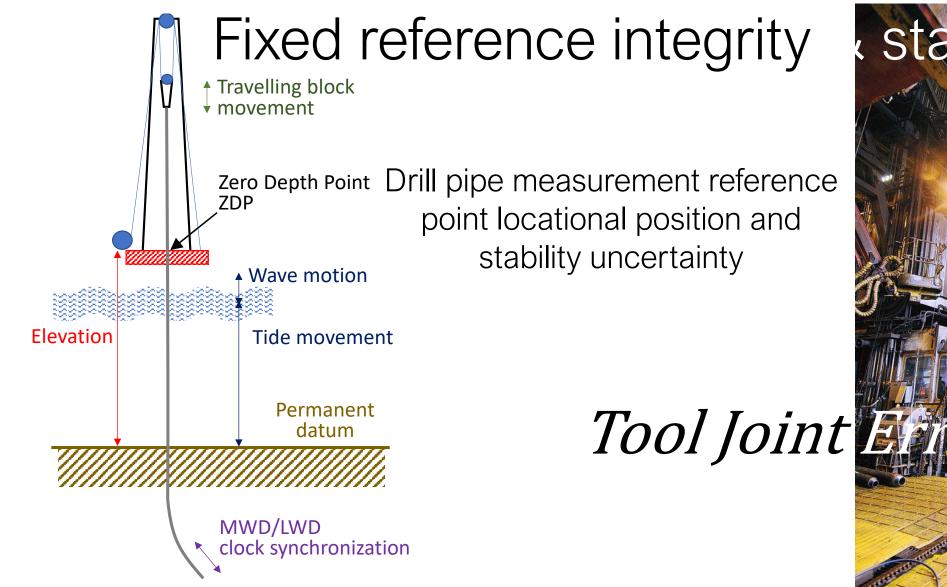


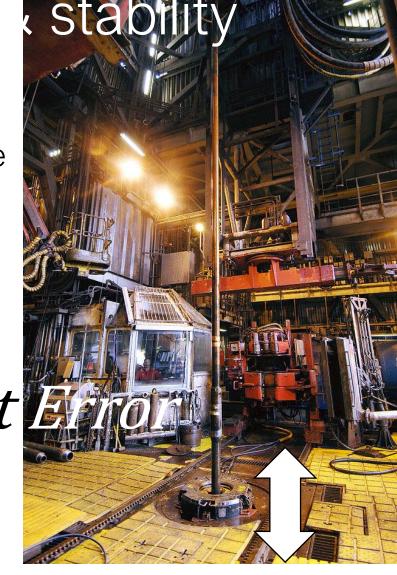
Generic uncertainty components

- Fixed reference integrity & stability
- Measurement and calibration accuracy
- Correction calculation accuracy
- Correction model fit
- Uncertainty calculation







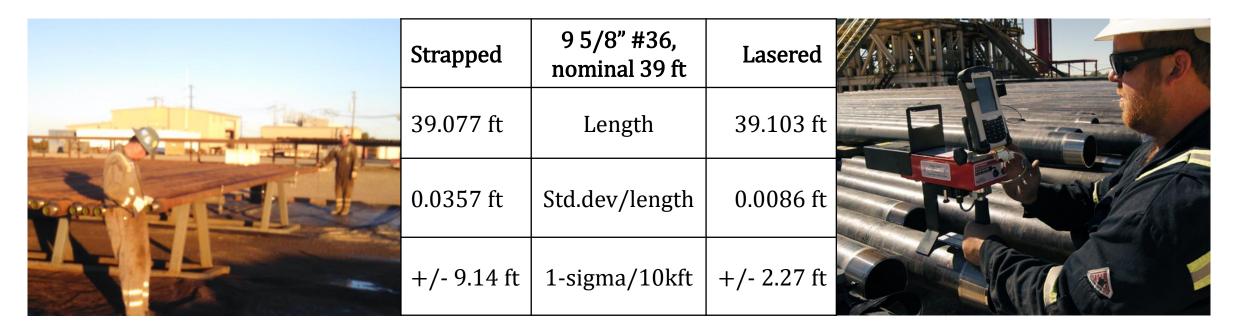


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Pipe length calibration and accuracy



PLUS: calibration environment and process consistency influence !





Correction method choices

| Correction method | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| Elastic stretch for pipe freely suspended (Reistle & Sikes, 1938) | | | | |
| Elastic stretch for mixed strings freely suspended (Reistle & Sikes, 1938) | | | | |
| Elastic stretch (Milan, 1992) | | | | |
| Elastic stretch (Esketh, 1998) | | | | |
| Elastic stretch and temperature (Gabolde & Nguyen, 2006) | | | | |
| Elastic stretch (Pedersen & Constable, 2006) | | | | |
| Elastic stretch (Baker Oil Tools, 2011) | | | | |
| Driller's Way-point Depth (Bolt, 2017) | | | | |

DwpD





Typical DwpD parameter accuracies

DwpD: measurement stations, during POOH, constant speed, simple sliding motion, discrete intervals with (near) linear progression of correction parameters.

| Measurement | Method | Typical accuracy | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------|--|
| | Strapped pipe | +/- 0.05% to 0.2% | |
| Pipe length calibration | Lasered pipe | +/- 0.015% to 0.02% | |
| | Additional on-site variance | Accuracy +50% to +100% | |
| Tool joint error | Rig floor visual | +1 ft to +3 ft | |
| Surface hook load | Dead weight sensor | +/- 5% to +/- 10% | |
| BHA mud temperature | LWD sensor | +/-1% | |
| Stretch coefficient | Young's Modulus for steel | +/- 5% | |
| Thermal expansion coefficient | Thermal coefficient for steel | +/- 5% | |





Correction model and the real-world

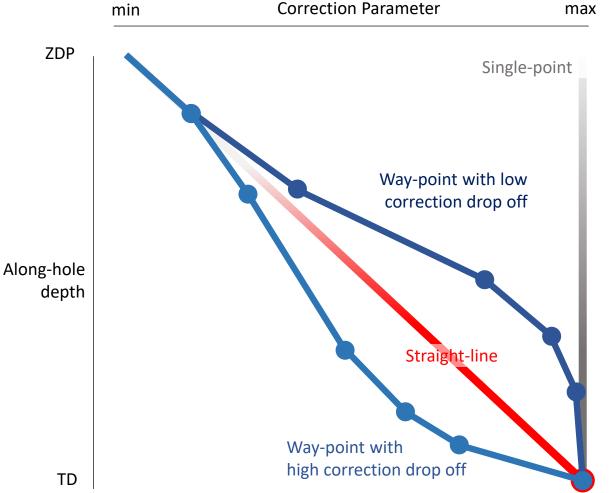
The correction model = how the correction is applied.

Correction model accuracy = the difference between the real-world and the correction model used.





How corrections are applied – the model



!!! IMPORTANT !!!

Measurement correction is only applicable to the measurement itself and cannot be extrapolated to where the measurement not is.

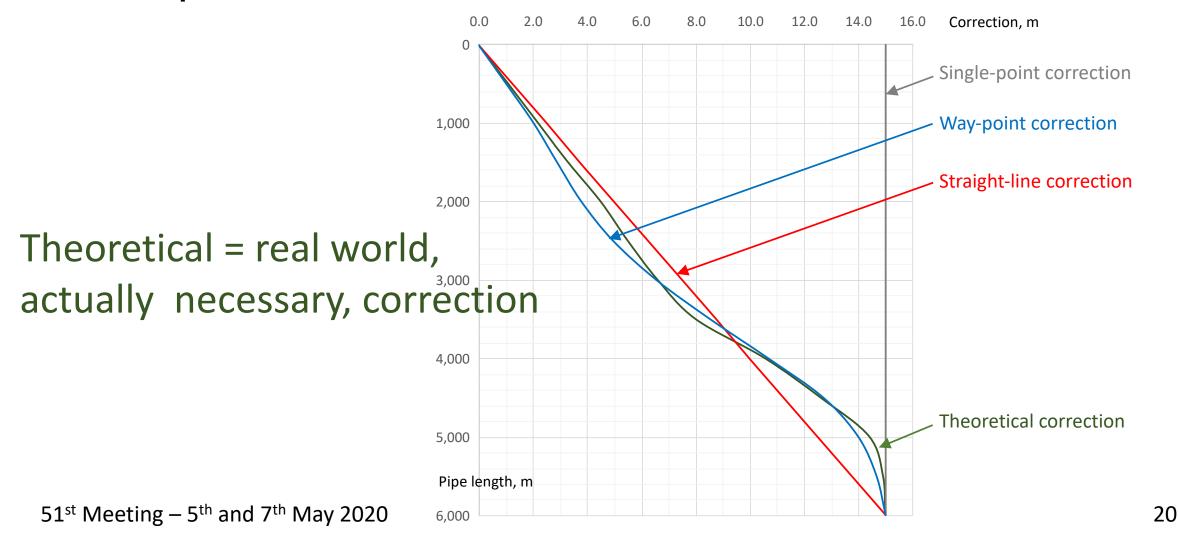
Surface tension is measured at surface, so elastic stretch correction is valid at surface.

Bit temperature is measured at the bit so temperature correction is valid where the bit is.





Example differences between models





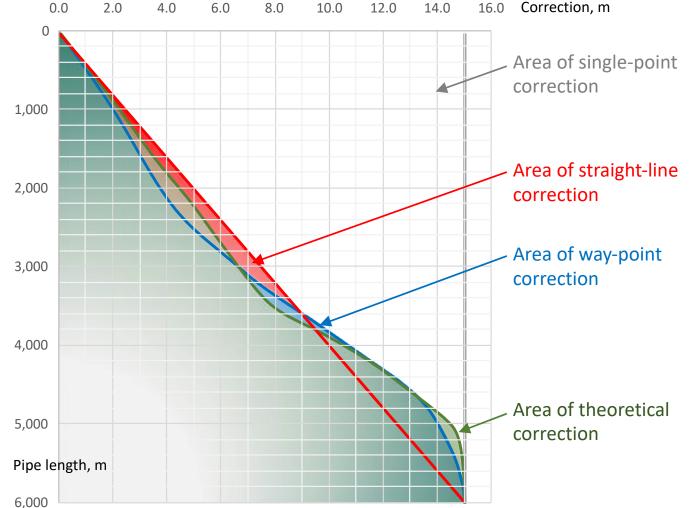


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Example differences between model areas

Area under the curve is the average value over the area

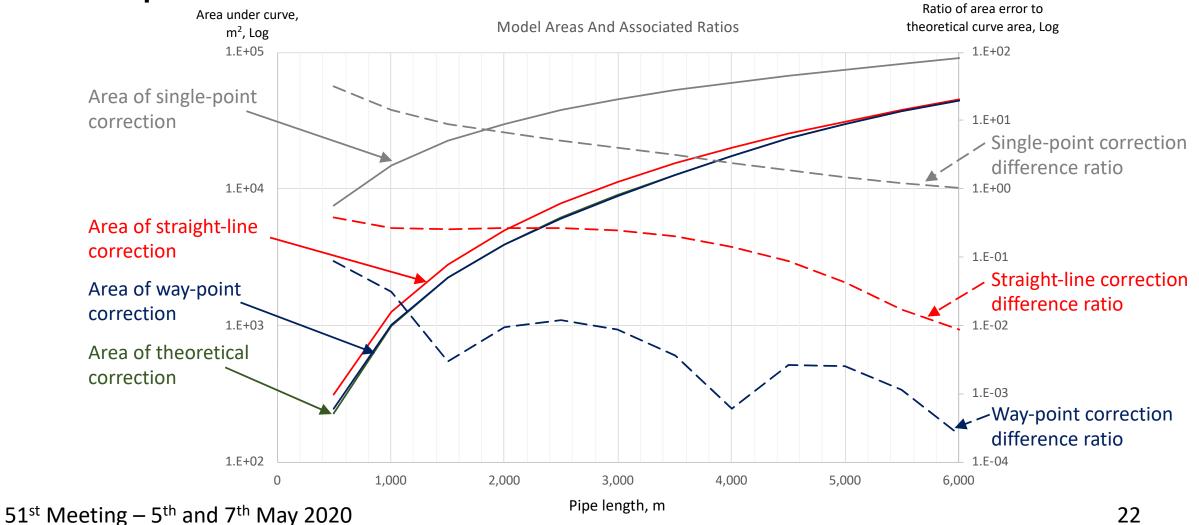
Error is the difference between curve value and the real-world or theoretical value.







Example differences between area errors







Calculating uncertainty

$$\sum Uncertainty_{Measurement} = \sqrt{d.Length_{Calb}^{2} + d.Corr_{Corr}^{2} + d.Corr_{Model}^{2}}$$

$$Uncertainty_{Depth} = \sum Uncertainty_{Measurement} + ToolJointError$$

Length determination + Correction +/- Uncertainty = TAH, True Along-hole, Depth





ISCWSA model upgrade recommendation

| Term No | Depth Term Description | Comment | Proposed nomenclature | Units |
|---------|---------------------------------|---|--------------------------|-------|
| 1 | Depth Reference Uncertainty | (Tool Joint Error) Including ZDP to Permanent Datum uncertainty, stability of measurement platform and stability of length measurement | DREF | m |
| 2 | Depth Calibration Accuracy | Calibration Accuracy Accuracy of the drillstring (and wireline) length measurement process | DCAL | 1/m |
| - | Depth Reference – Systematic | (not required) | | - |
| - | Depth Stretch – Bias | (not required) | | - |
| - | Depth Scale Factor – Systematic | (not required) | | - |
| 3 | Depth Correction Value Accuracy | Accuracy of thermal and elastic stretch corrections derived from individual measurement parameter accuracies based on correction calculation equation | DCORR | 1/m |
| 4 | Depth Correction Model Accuracy | Accuracy of the applicability of the correction model compared to the reality of the wellbore environment including temperature and tension profiles | DCORM | 1/m |



Increasing amount of correction/uncertainty

Low

High



Conclusions

ISCWSA should adopt TAH depth as the standard for along-hole depth portrayal.

Uncertainty variables are: fixed reference error measurement/calibration accuracy correction calculation and measurements correction model used





And with the greatest certainty: your questions and comments



